Fundamentals of Vegetable Crop Production Beena Nair | K.P. Singh | Prem Chand



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PREFACE

In the recent scenario, horticulture has emerged as one of the most expectant and favoured aspirant promoting diversification, and combating climate change. The growing demand of horticultural crops for internal consumption as well as for exports has highlighted the need for escalating the production and enhancing the efficiency of these crops. Several superior and high–yielding varieties and F_1 hybrids are now available for large–scale adoption.

Olericulture deals with a major prospect of Indian farming. As in nature, in vegetable gardens as well, a variety of plants rope a variety of wildlife. Diversified planting often promotes a healthy stability between the organisms that benefit crop production. By providing natural pest control, these techniques uphold biodiversity and along with variety, they add colour, beauty and flavour to the home garden.

Even though the archetypical image of a vegetable garden is based on orderly rows of the plants marked by seed packets on stakes, vegetable gardens can be as inimitable and personalized as ornamental plantings, designed to suit the garden site and the aesthetic and culinary tastes of the gardener. As long as crops can be weeded, watered and harvested, vegetables can be grouped in all sorts of symbiotic arrangements, with other vegetables or other types of plants, either in one central location or in fertile pockets here and there.

Vegetables play crucial role in health maintenance as well as in dietary supplements. These are so common in human diet that a meal without a vegetable is supposed to be incomplete in any part of the world. An improved diet should have about 400 gm of vegetables per day per person, but in India the average per capita consumption of vegetables per day is reported to be less than 45 grams. Particularly among the rural people, this minimum requirement is even low. The production of vegetables must be increased to meet the requirement of the vegetables in our country. According to the data of National Accounts Statistics, fruits and vegetables together account for more than 27 per cent of the total value of output from agriculture. The share is increasing over the years from around 25 per cent during 2004-05 to 27.49 per cent during 2011-12. Vegetables alone contribute 10.61 per cent of the total value of output from agriculture, and it is on increasing trends over the years.

The vegetable growers in India also are now more educated and know how to utilize land in a better way by using improved varieties and by adopting suitable cultivation practices. The home gardening or kitchen gardening is also developing rapidly and is an important part of vegetable production. Quality and tasty fresh vegetables can be grown in the home garden. A good garden planning can produce vegetables for the family round the year. Home gardening not only saves money, but for the family it is a pleasure, fun and pride.

To promote the vegetables in the country, the availability of informative literature in simple language is a prime requirement. This book discusses and covers all the basics of vegetable production in a precise manner. The latest area, production and recent scenario of vegetables in the world market are also detailed. It covers nearly all the aspects of vegetables starting from the classification, nitty-gritty, detailed agronomic practices to the harvest indices. The role of various nutrients along with their deficiency symptoms is also included in the book. The book can be very useful for students of graduate level, post graduate level, doctorate level, and for the ones preparing and appearing in various competitive examinations. The book contains a question bank at the end which could be extremely helpful for the students. The main purpose behind the book is to assemble together versatile aspects of vegetable crop production. Nowadays, it is very difficult for the students to come across matter related to

multifarious aspects in a single book. Hence, this book could be an answer for their questions. The book carries diverse aspects of vegetable crop production in a simplified form.

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CONTENTS

Chapter - 1	Vegetable Production, Processing and Trade in India: An Overview	1
Chapter - 2	Classification and Nitty-gritty of Vegetables	20
Chapter - 3	Aspects of Vegetable Seedling Production and Nursery Management	35
Chapter - 4	Use of Plant Growth Regulators in Vegetable Crops	50
Chapter - 5	Methods of Irrigation in Vegetable Crops	57
Chapter - 6	Fertilizer Application in Vegetable Crops	66
Chapter - 7	Weed Management and Herbicides Usage in Vegetable Crops	73
Chapter - 8	Cultivation Technology of Some Major Vegetable Crops	77
	Potato	77
	Tomato	79
	Brinjal	84
	Chilli	86
	Okra	91
	Peas	94
	Cowpea	95
	Cluster bean	98
	French bean	99
	Indian bean	101

	Onion	102
	Cabbage	105
	Cauliflower	107
	Knol khol	109
	Sprouting broccoli	111
	Carrot	112
	Radish	114
	Turnip	116
	Sweet potato	118
	Colocasia	120
	Cucumber	123
	Watermelon	126
	Muskmelon	130
	Pumpkin	133
	Ash gourd	134
	Round gourd	135
	Ridge gourd	137
	Sponge gourd	138
	Bottle gourd	140
	Bitter gourd	142
	Pointed gourd	144
	Little gourd	145
Chapter - 9	Production Technology of Some Minor Vegetable Crops	147
Chapter - 10	Harvest Indices of Major Vegetable Crops	153
Chapter - 11	Nutrient Deficiencies in Vegetable Crops	171
Chapter - 12	Physiological Disorders in Vegetable Crops	177
Chapter - 13	Post Harvest Handling of Vegetables	184
Chapter - 14	Packaging and Storage of Vegetables	194
Chapter - 15	Insect and Disease Management of Major Vegetable Crops	200
Chapter - 16	Multiple Choice Questions	265
	Answers of the Questions	300